

RELATIONAL SUBTRACTION

QUARTER 2 • WEEK 16

Subtraction as Separating • Prove

Objective: *Prove the answer by building it back.*

DO THIS Solve. Then check the other way.

PROVE Solve, then build it back.

EXAMPLE $2 - 1 = \underline{1}$
 $1 + \underline{1} = 2$

SOLVE AND PROVE Solve, then check each one.

1 $5 - 2 = \square$
 $2 + \square = 5$

2 $3 - 2 = \square$
 $2 + \square = 3$

3 $4 - 1 = \square$
 $1 + \square = 4$

MORE PRACTICE Solve each one.

1 $3 - 1 = \square$

2 $4 - 3 = \square$

3 $5 - 3 = \square$

To subtract I: took away counted up found the part



TEACHER EDITION

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EXAMPLE

$$2 - 1 = \underline{1}$$

$$1 + \underline{1} = 2$$

SOLVE AND PROVE Solve, then check each one.

1

$$5 - 2 = \underline{3}$$

$$2 + \underline{3} = 5$$

2

$$3 - 2 = \underline{1}$$

$$2 + \underline{1} = 3$$

3

$$4 - 1 = \underline{3}$$

$$1 + \underline{3} = 4$$

MORE PRACTICE Solve each one.

1

$$3 - 1 = \underline{2}$$

2

$$4 - 3 = \underline{1}$$

3

$$5 - 3 = \underline{2}$$

TEACHER NOTES Answer key & guidance

Answers: see page

Strategy: Accept matching, counting, or rebuilding as valid proof.

Common error: Accepting an answer without checking it.

Prompt: "Show me how you know."

To subtract I: took away counted up found the part

